# SC20F Exam Review

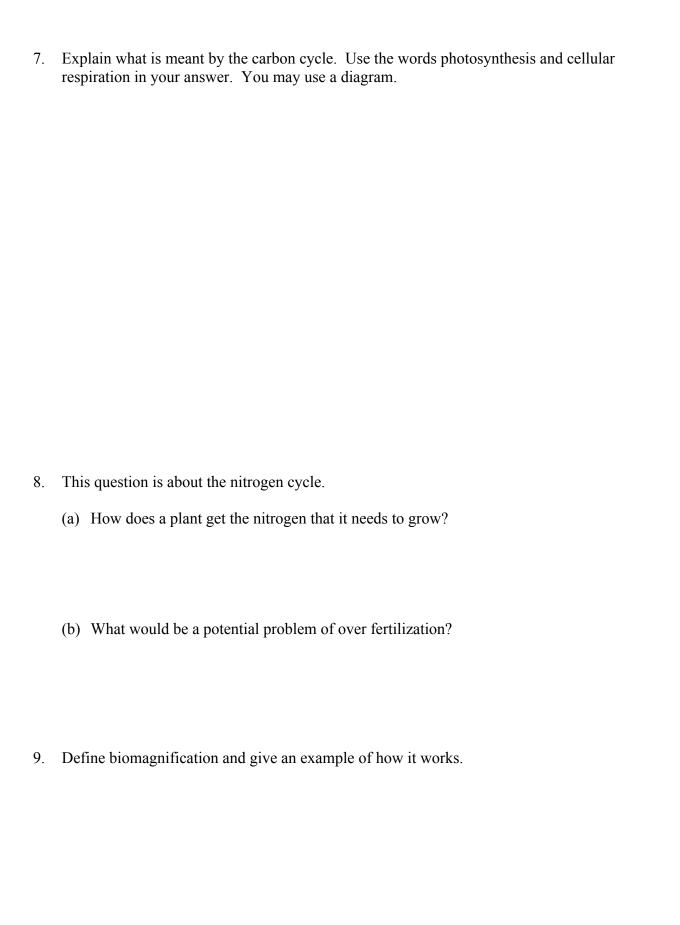
## **Dynamics of Ecosystems**

1.	Explain what is meant by an ecosystem.
2.	Where does all of the energy in an ecosystem originally come from?
3.	What is the difference between biotic and abiotic factors?
4.	Distinguish between consumers and producers.
5.	Consider the following food chain: $Algae \to Plankton \to Smelt \to Perch \to Walleye \to Northern\ Pike \to Bald\ Eagle$ (a) What is meant by a food chain?
	(b) What is meant by the trophic level of an organism?
	(c) In what trophic level are the algae?

SC20F Page 1 of 17

- 6. Construct a food web for the Arctic tundra using the following information.
  - Plants (mainly cotton Sedges) eaten by caribou, voles, lemmings, ground squirrels, jaegers, grizzly bears
  - caribou are eaten by wolves, jaegers
  - voles and lemmings are eaten by wolves, wolverines, jaegers, gulls weasels, owls, hawks
  - ground squirrels are eaten by wolves, wolverines, weasels, owls, hawks, and grizzly bears

SC20F Page 2 of 17



SC20F Page 3 of 17

10.	What is meant by the carrying capacity of an environment?
11.	Explain how each of the following factors affect the carrying capacity of an environment:
	(a) materials and energy
	(b) food chains
	(b) Tood Chams
	(c) competition
	(d) density
12.	State and explain what happens when a population reaches and exceeds the carrying capacity.
	capacity.

SC20F Page 4 of 17

13. Factors that affect population density are either density-dependent or density-independent. Define each of these terms and provide an example of each.

(a) Density Dependent factor

(b) Density Independent factor

SC20F Page 5 of 17

## **Chemistry In Action**

14. Draw an electron dot diagram for each of the following:

(a) Sodium	(b) Magnesium	(c) Fluorine	(d) Sulfur
(e) Neon	(f) K <sup>+</sup>	(g) P <sup>3-</sup>	(h) Cl <sup>-</sup>

- 15. Name the following compounds:
  - (a) KCl
  - (b) CaBr<sub>2</sub>
  - (c) PbO
  - (d) CuCl<sub>2</sub>
  - (e)  $C_3H_6$
  - (f) SiO<sub>2</sub>

SC20F Page 6 of 17

16. Write the chemical formula for each of the following composition	ounds.
--	--------

- (a) magnesium sulfide
- (b) nitrogen trioxide
- (c) lead(IV) sulfide
- (d) copper(II) oxide
- (e) magnesium nitride
- (f) dicarbon tetrahydride

#### 17. Balance each of the following chemical equations indicate the type of reaction.

(a) 
$$Na + Cl_2 \rightarrow NaCl$$

(b) 
$$\_$$
 Al +  $\_$  CuCl<sub>2</sub>  $\rightarrow$  Cu +  $\_$  AlCl<sub>3</sub>

(c) 
$$H_2O_2 \rightarrow H_2 + O_2$$

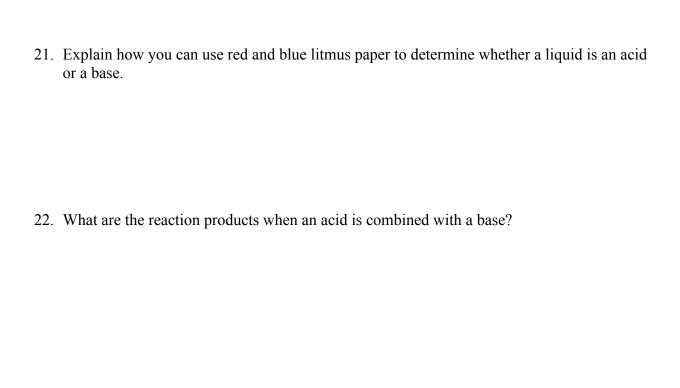
(d) 
$$C_3H_8 + O_2 \rightarrow CO_2 + H_2O$$

(e) 
$$\_\_NaC_2H_3O_2 + \_\_Cu(NO_3)_2 \rightarrow \_\_Cu(C_2H_3O_2)_2 + \_\_NaNO_3.$$

nmon household acids and 2 common househol Acids	
	Bases

20. What is the purpose of an indicator?

Page 8 of 17 SC20F



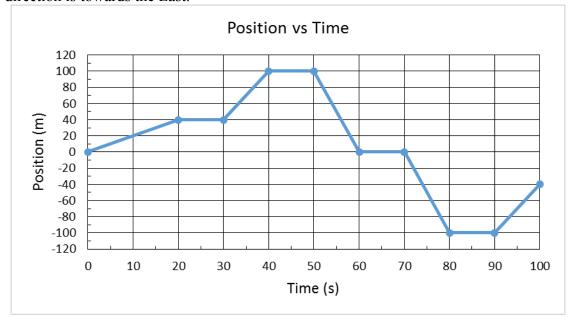
SC20F Page 9 of 17

## In Motion

23.	Frank can run 120 m in 12 s.		
	(a)	What is his average speed in m/s?	
	(b)	Assuming he can run at this average speed for 30 minutes, how far will he travel?	
	(c)	Assuming he can run at this average speed for an extended period of time, how long would it take him to run a distance of 200 km?	
24.	-	d Flintstone can accelerate his car from 2.5 m/s to 15 m/s in a time of 10 seconds. culate the acceleration of the car.	

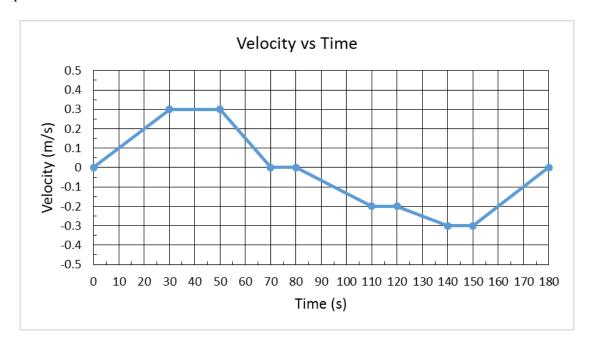
SC20F Page 10 of 17

25. Consider the following position-time graph for a duck walking along a road. The positive direction is towards the East.



- (a) How far does the duck travel in the trip?
- (b) Calculate the displacement of the duck over the entire trip?
- (c) Describe the motion (speed and direction) of the duck during the following time intervals:
  - (i) 0 20 s
  - (ii) 40 50 s
  - (iii) 70 80 s
- (d) What is the velocity of the duck from 50 60 s?

26. Consider the following velocity-time graph for a badger walking through the woods. The positive direction is towards the North.



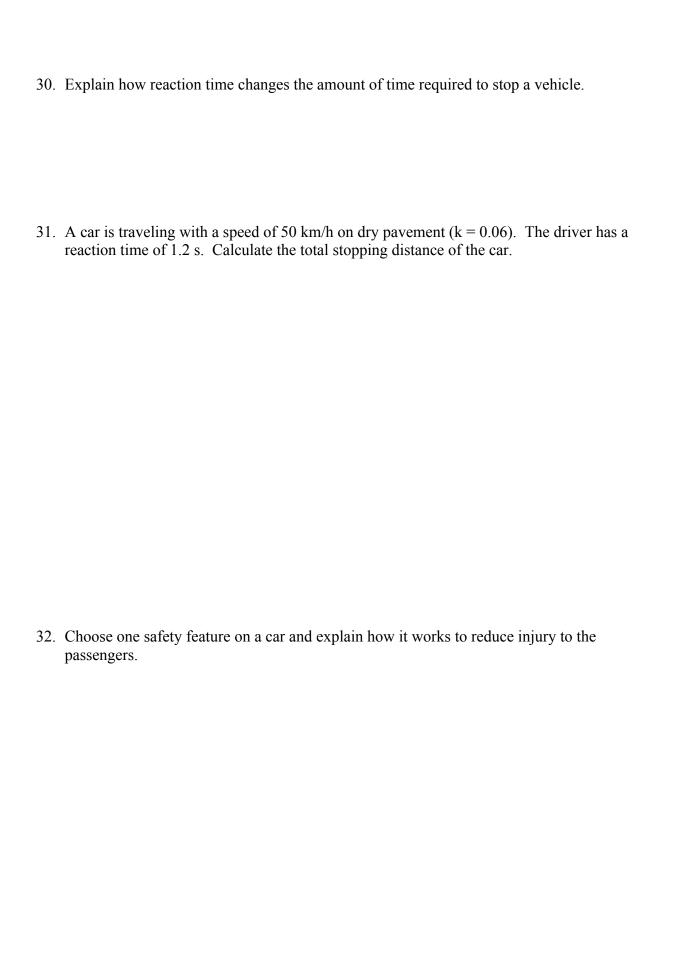
- (a) Describe the motion of the Badger (speed, direction) during the following time intervals:
  - (i) 0 30 s
  - (ii) 30 50 s
  - (iii) 50 70 s
  - (iv) 150 180 s
- (b) Calculate the badger's acceleration from 120 140 seconds.

First Law			
Casand Lavy			
Second Law			
Third Law			
efine momentum and	d give an examp	le.	

SC20F Page 13 of 17

29. A deer runs out in front of a car traveling 100 km/h on an icy road (k=0.25). If the deer is

250 m away, will the car stop in time?



SC20F Page 14 of 17

## **Weather Dynamics**

33.	What is the most abundant gas in the atmosphere?
34.	Which layer of the atmosphere is closest to the earth?
35.	Explain what is meant by the hydrosphere.
36.	Explain each of the following:  (a) ozone layer
	(b) high pressure system
	(c) low pressure system
	(d) Coriolis effect
	(e) albedo
	(f) jet stream

SC20F Page 15 of 17

(g) prevailing winds
(h) Fujita scale
What would the weather be like in Winnipeg during the weather pattern known as El Niño?
The following question is about extreme weather events.  (a) Explain how a thunderstorm forms.

SC20F Page 16 of 17

(b)	How could you stay safe in a thunderstorm?
(c)	Explain how a tornado forms.
(d)	What should you do in the event of a tornado?
(u)	what should you do in the event of a tornado.
(e)	What conditions are required for Environment Canada to label a snow storm a blizzard?

SC20F Page 17 of 17